9. Policy on gearing of the Fund will be inserted as follows:

The Fund may borrow cash for the purpose of meeting repurchase requests for Units and for short-term bridging requirements. However, the Manager should ensure that:

- (i) The Fund's cash borrowing is only on a temporary basis and that the borrowings are not persistent;
- (ii) The borrowing period should not exceed one (1) month;
- (iii) The aggregate borrowings of the Fund should not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV at the time the borrowing is incurred; and
- (iv) The Fund may only borrow from financial institutions.

Except as otherwise provided under the Guidelines, none of the cash or investments of the Fund may be lent. Further, the Fund may not assume, guarantee, endorse or otherwise become directly or contingently liable for or in connection with any obligation or indebtedness of any person.

10. The bases for valuation of the assets of the Fund will be updated for the following investment instruments:

Investment Instruments	Valuation Basis
Collective investment scheme	Collective investment scheme which is quoted on an exchange shall be valued based on the official closing price or last known transacted price on the Eligible Market on which the collective investment scheme is quoted. However, if the price is not representative or not available to the market, including a suspension in the quotation of the collective investment scheme for a period exceeding fourteen (14) days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, the collective investment scheme must be valued at fair value.
	valued based on the last published redemption price or fair value as determined in good faith by us on methods and bases that will have to be approved by the Trustee.
Money market instruments	Investments in money market instruments (with remaining term to maturity of not more than ninety (90) calendar days at the time of acquisition) are valued based on amortised cost. The risk of using amortised cost accounting is the mispricing of the money market instruments. We will monitor regularly the valuation of such money market instruments using amortised cost method against the market value and will use the market value if the difference in valuation exceeds 3%.  For negotiable instruments of deposit, valuation will be done using the indicative price quoted by the financial institution that
	issues or provides such instruments.  Investments in money market instruments other than the above instruments will be valued by reference to the average indicative

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